

ABSTRAK

Pengaruh Tayangan “Teman Panji” Di Net Tv Terhadap Peningkatan Pengetahuan Mengenai Hewan Reptil Dikalangan Komunitas Pecinta Reptil Jakarta

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(xv + 5 bab + 71 hal + 35 tabel + 8 gambar + 7 lamp. + 26 pustaka (2010-2016))

Peran televisi sebagai media komunikasi massa sangatlah besar dalam kehidupan kita, yaitu sebagai alat informasi, hiburan, kontrol sosial dan sebagai sarana pendidikan. Beragam tayangan yang disajikan lewat media televisi memiliki tujuan masing-masing. Pengaruh televisi dapat dilihat dari minat, sikap dan perilaku pemirsanya ditentukan oleh materi atau pesan yang disampaikan, intensitas pemirsa dalam menonton televisi, latar belakang pendidikan dan pengalaman pemirsa, nilai dan norma budaya serta lingkungan tempat pemirsa tersebut berada. Salah satu program unggulan yang disajikan oleh NET. Adalah “Teman Panji”. Program yang memberikan edukasi mengenai dunia flora dan fauna ini dipandu oleh Panji seorang pecinta binatang terutama reptil. Metode Penelitian yang digunakan adalah kuantitatif deskriptif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah anggota Komunitas Pecinta Reptil Jakarta, dengan sampel populasinya sebanyak 67 responden. Teknik penarikan sampel dilakukan dengan menggunakan sampel jenuh yaitu teknik pengambilan sampel bila semua anggota populasi digunakan sebagai sampel. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 21,16% pengetahuan mengenai hewan reptile pada anggota Komunitas Pecinta Reptil Jakarta dipengaruhi oleh tayangan program “Teman Panji” di Net. Tv. Sedangkan sisanya yaitu 78,84% dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain seperti, sumber dari internet, pengalaman pribadi, sumber dari buku dan langsung bertanya kepada ahlinya. Sedangkan menurut hasil analisis rumus Korelasi *Product Moment* tingkat hubungan yang cukup berarti, artinya tayangan program “Teman Panji” di Net. Tv memiliki pengaruh yang cukup berarti terhadap peningkatan pengetahuan mengenai hewan reptil pada anggota komunitas pecinta reptil Jakarta dengan hasil koefisien korelasi sebesar 0,46.

Kata kunci :pengaruh, tayangan, pengetahuan vi

ABSTRACT

The Effect of "Teman Panji" on Net Tv on Reptile increase in Knowledge Among the Jakarta Reptile Lovers Community

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(xv + 5 chapter + 88 pages + 35 tables + 8 pict. + 7 attach. + 26 bibl (2010-2016))

The role of television as a medium of mass communication is very large in our lives, namely as a means of information, entertainment, social control and as a means of education. Various shows that are presented via television media have their respective objectives, the influence of television can be seen from the interests, attitudes and behavior of the viewers which are determined by the material or message conveyed, the intensity of viewers in watching television, educational background and viewer experience, cultural values and norms and the environment in which the viewer is located. One of the excellent programs presented by NET. Is "Friends of Panji". This program which provides education about the world of flora and fauna is guided by Panji, an animal lover, especially reptiles. The research method used is descriptive quantitative. The population in this study were members of the Jakarta Reptile Lovers Community, with a population sample of 67 respondents. The sampling technique is done by using saturated samples, namely the sampling technique when all members of the population are used as samples. The results showed that 21.16% knowledge of reptiles among members of the Jakarta Reptile Lovers Community was influenced by the program "Teman Panji" on the Net. Tv. While the rest, namely 78.84%, was influenced by other factors such as sources from the internet, personal experiences, sources from books and directly asking experts. Meanwhile, according to the results of the analysis of the Product Moment Correlation formula, the level of the relationship is quite meaningful, meaning that the program "Teman Panji" on the Net. Tv has a significant influence on increase in knowledge of reptile animals on members of the Jakarta reptile-loving community with a correlation coefficient of 0.46.

Keywords: influence, impressions, knowledge